Children's TherAplay

Project Overview: Client Needs

What the Client Wants:

Important elements: reception desk, donor wall, graduation tree Rustic, contemporary design Incorporate raw, natural materials - wood, stone, brick Calming colors, minimize visual stimuli

Parent Survey Results

Lighting: soft lighting is better than bright fluorescent or natural light, avoid glare - causes distraction or discomfort (covers eyes, escapes)

- lighting is dim and inconsistent, harsh sunlight in waiting area

Acoustics: loud/unexpected/high pitched noises are distracting or upsetting and causes children to cover ears/scream/cry/withdraw

-sound proofing needed in therapy and sensory rooms, horse arena echoes

Color: most impactful element, children drawn to bright colors and bold contrasts, earth tones provide calmness and focus, therapy rooms should be playful but not busy

Temperature: arena is cold in the winter

Privacy/Transparency: more privacy in therapy rooms, larger windows in parent viewing area and more outdoor viewing area

Layout: larger therapy rooms with more storage, separate therapy rooms from horse area to avoid distraction, play area is cramped between sessions (people have to pass through play area upon entry), need restroom close to waiting area, wheelchair access is difficult, transition areas and wayfinding needed

Staff Survey Results:

Lighting: need softer controllable lighting and more natural light overall, insufficient in arena depending on time of day, important aspect in office area

Acoustics: sound-absorbing materials and acoustic insulation needed in arena - exterior noise and echoes makes it hard to hear, all spaces are too loud

Color: bright colors are overstimulating, therapy rooms are too busy visually, pastel colors are preferred, dark green trim creates too much contrast, prefer more consistent color scheme throughout space

Temperature: most impactful aspect, better insulation needed in arena

Privacy/Transparency: areas needed for private discussions

Layout: Therapy rooms need to be bigger with more storage and increased visual and acoustic privacy, waiting room is crowded between sessions, need mud room, entrances are too small, poor traffic flow, more seating needed near outside for parents

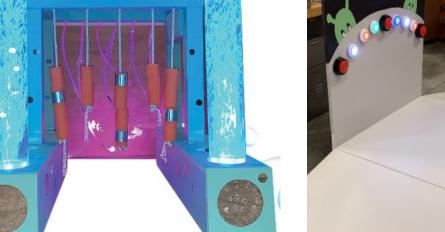
Materials: flooring (carpet and tile) is hard to keep clean, linoleum is slippery with dirt, too many flooring changes



Highest rated image from client and staff

Project Overview: Furniture Design

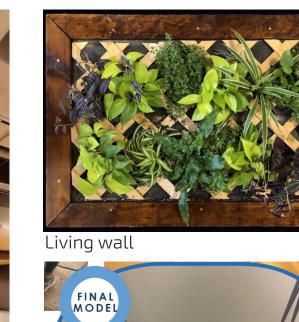






Sensory spaceship

















Sensory wall and table

Case Study: First Place Apartments

Located in Phoenix, AZ, First Place is an independent not-for-profit organization for individuals with autism and other neuro-diversities, which engaged RSP Architects to develop their exciting novel vision to fulfill the needs of those with ASD who are transitioning from their secure family homes into greater society.











Acoustics

Acoustic baffles and inset entries for each apartment limits noise transfer.

Lighting

Diffused LED lighting, which is less harsh, and ample natural lighting with strategically placed windows and doors provide comfort and illumination throughout the design, with operable windows providing the auxiliary benefit of controlled access to fresh air and passive ventilation.

Colors

It is recommended to specify more muted colors like light blues, greens, tans, grays, and even lavender, which promote calmness, rather than bright punchy colors that can overwhelm and exacerbate hypersensitivities.

Furniture

The space features contemporary furniture in a natural, sophisticated color palette.

Materials

Natural materials that are chemical free or have low toxicity levels (no VOCs) were also considered when specifying paints, sealants, plastics, adhesives and carpets. Increased durability in materials is another measure applied throughout.

Wayfinding

A refined and repeated material palette is strategically placed throughout to increase familiarity with spaces, with subtly colored visual paths and signage to assist individuals in transitioning through spaces,

Spatial configuration

In terms of safety and security, a single point of entry with 24-hour concierge services is provided, with individuals having different locking options available to apartments to promote greater independence.

Source

First Place Apartments: http://rsparch.com/2017/07/18/autism-aware-design/

Evidence-Based Design

Autism means not feeling relaxed. Criterion include deficits in social interactions and restricted, repetitive behaviors and interests. Most individuals with ASD experience sensory hypersensitivity or hyposensitivity, especially in hearing and touch. Sensory rooms are popular in autism-friendly spaces because they provide a controllable environment as a retreat from overwhelming stimuli. Sensory stimulation can be effective in developing cognitive regulation skills. Through spaces that afford control of stimuli, inhabitants can learn to manage sensory overload - a skill that has long-term benefits.

Acoustics

Individuals on the autism spectrum are extremely sensitive to sounds. Providing better insulated spaces and allowing for manipulation of sound pressure levels is beneficial. Adding background noise with biophilic elements, such as birdsong or water sounds, can reduce occupants' stress. Adding pink noise is another common strategy for creating sound privacy in spaces with diverse activities. 50-55DB is more bothersome than louder sounds.

Lighting

Using indirect, dimmable lighting is the best solution. Facilities should also provide access to sunlight, both through quality daylight design indoors and by making outdoor spaces available to inhabitants.

Color

Autism friendly designs have small areas of bright color and light, unsaturated earth tones. A monochromatic color scheme works well.















Sources:

What Autism Teaches us About Design: https://branchpattern.com/autism-teaches-design/
Kids Furniture Market according to Ergonomical and Environmental Design: http://jisr.szabist.edu.pk/JISR-MSSE/Publication/2016/14/1/494/Article
Four keys to designing autistic-friendly spaces: https://www.bdcnetwork.com/blog/four-keys-designing-autistic-friendly-spaces
Importance of Interior Design for Autism: https://algedra.com.tr/en/blog/importance-of-interior-design-for-autism

Evidence-Based Design

Furniture

Furniture has the potential to influence the function, privacy, and size of a space. Subdividing rooms so that spaces contain a single activity increases learning. Bookshelves, workstations and seating are examples of furnishings that define the size and privacy of spaces. Because of the importance of these dimensions for people with ASD, modular, movable furniture is better than built-in furniture. Providing storage spaces for non-relevant materials also helps to further encourage focus.

Spatial configuration

Spaces that are orderly and defined are easier for the autistic mind to process. The use of sequential circulation, storage for non-essential items, sub-dividing rooms, and making spaces reconfigurable can help individuals with autism to better focus.

Materials

Natural, solid materials are preferred - no complicated patterns, no highly reflective surfaces, design of textiles should not be intrusive or bright. Easily sanitized finishes are important because some people on the autism spectrum can have a compulsive-like need for cleanliness.

Wayfinding

Symbols and coordinated colors or distinctive landmarks can improve navigation. This is especially true when the signals are culturally relevant and related to the intended use of the space. Individuals with ASD are better at navigating spaces when there is a clear objective.

FURNITURE



MATERIALS









Sources:

What Autism Teaches us About Design: https://branchpattern.com/autism-teaches-design/
Kids Furniture Market according to Ergonomical and Environmental Design: http://jisr.szabist.edu.pk/JISR-MSSE/Publication/2016/14/1/494/Article
Four keys to designing autistic-friendly spaces: https://www.bdcnetwork.com/blog/four-keys-designing-autistic-friendly-spaces
Importance of Interior Design for Autism: https://algedra.com.tr/en/blog/importance-of-interior-design-for-autism

Observations

Behaviors Observed:

- 1. Repetitive behaviors
- 2. Rapid Movements
- 3. Singing (could mean they are focused or in a good mood)
- 4. Interest and curiousness in activity
- 5. Listening and following directions
- 6. Reaction to loud noises or bright lights
- 7. Self-control: See if they get angry or frustrated quickly
- 8. Mood Swings: An abrupt change in mood or emotional state
- 9. Strong need for order or routine
- 10. Adaptability: Being able to adjust to new conditions
- 11. Eye Contact
- 12. Refuse or ignore request
- 13. Engage in conversations
- 14. Difficulty communicating their needs
- 15. Fidgeting playing with fingers, hair, or personal objects
- 16. Reaction to textures what they choose to touch or avoid
- 17. Mood before and after horseback riding

11/24 Observations: Comments

2:10 - Immediately drawn to spaceship

Went out of way to get to it - climbed over items

Stomping on platform

Pushing buttons

3 kids- more chaotic environment

Ball - crying

Swing - crying

Trampoline - stopped crying

Basketball with hoop

Puzzle

2:20

Spaceship - visual distraction

Horse visual distraction - happy, yelling

Puzzle with music - fascinated

Therapist moved arms to do motions with the song

Child waited to hear end of each song before replacing puzzle piece

2:30 - SWITCH KIDS

Fascinated by toys with lights and sounds

Obstacle course focusing on balance and coordination (balance beam, ladder, soft stepping stones) - purpose is to get pieces for toy

Orange is preferred color

Child enjoys process

Child enjoys ability to choose path

Child is able to carry conversation

2:40 - Person came in and interrupted, conversed with therapist, child showed recognition and was happy to see person

Child busied herself with other toys

Child was verbal while they were conversing

Child drawn to swing - enjoyment, smiling

Draw with chalk on trampoline - engaged

Jumping on trampoline

Ring around the Rosie on trampoline

Horse - visual distraction

Jumping on trampoline - enthusiastic

Didn't want to put chalk away - said no when told to

Does not want to help clean up - said no, but followed direction anyway

Cleaning up stepping stones served as exercise in learning colors

Child chose to go back to swing while therapist cleaned up

Verbal while sitting on swing - happy conversation

Conceptualization

Storage for prep room - define process for patients
Space for personal belongings
Collect riding gear - harness, helmet, etc.
Seating (with built-in storage)

Chair: hammock, "escape pod"

Storage for exercise balls

Not too high

Staircase with landing
Longer than just a few stairs
In gym or outside

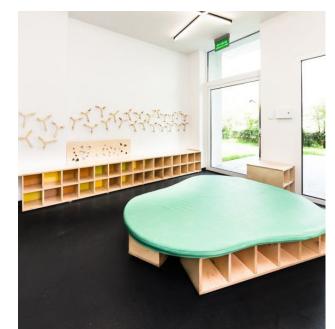
Bed - learning life skills

Not heavy

Murphy bed - ensure safety

Balance training

Multipurpose - bench, storage, beam "Puzzle" beam - stored in bins that can be used as seating







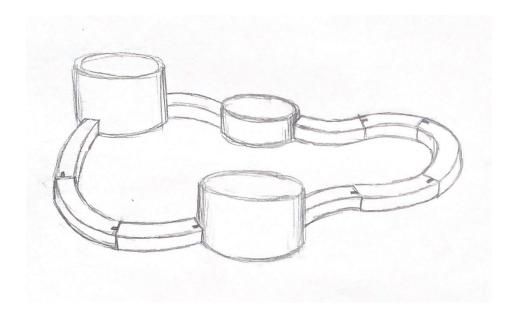






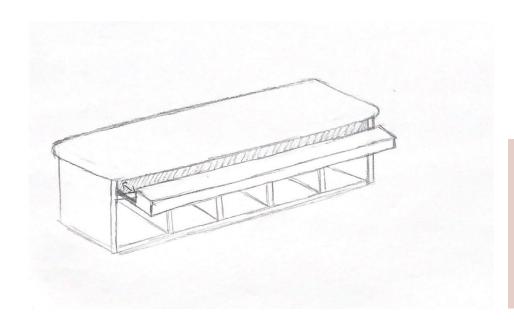


Conceptualization: Issue Based



Modular Balance Beam

With this piece kids would be able to build their own path and then practice balance by walking on it. The larger pieces will serve as checkpoints along the path and can be used as casual seating as well. The larger pieces will also be hollow to allow storage of the smaller pieces of the balance system.



Balance Bench

This piece is a bench with built in storage underneath and a balance beam that can be pulled out when needed. This will give the therapists seating, storage, and a balance beam all in one piece, which would help save space, reduce clutter, and solve the issue of trying to put away a balance beam in order to avoid distraction.



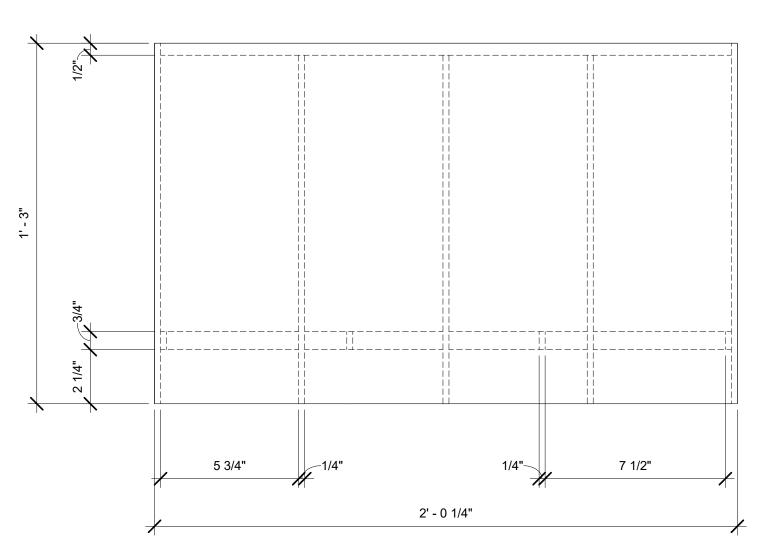
TherAplay Furniture

No.	Description	Date

Floor Plan		
oject number	Project Number	
ate	12/10/20	A101
rawn by	Elise McQueen	
necked by	Checker	Scale

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1 Level 1 3" = 1'-0"



Wood: White Birch

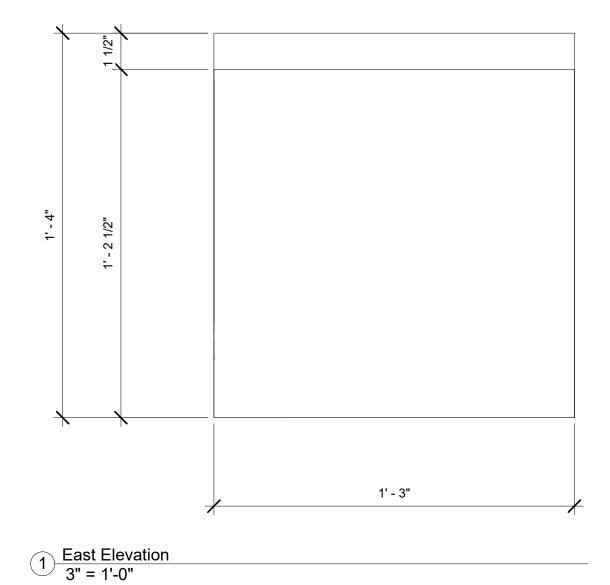


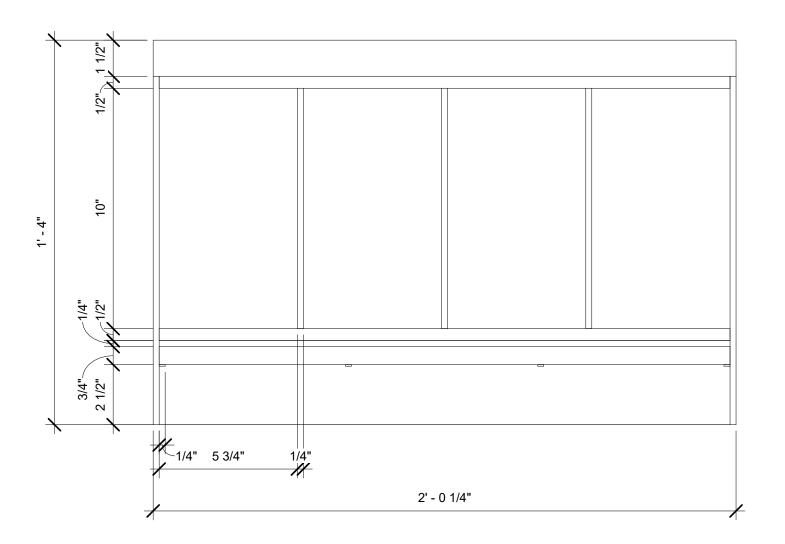
Upholstery: Patchwork - Cobblestone Knoll

TherAplay Furniture

No.	Description	Date

Furniture Plan		
Project number	Project Number	
Date	12/10/20	A102
Drawn by	Elise McQueen	,
Checked by	Checker	Scale 3" = 1'-0"



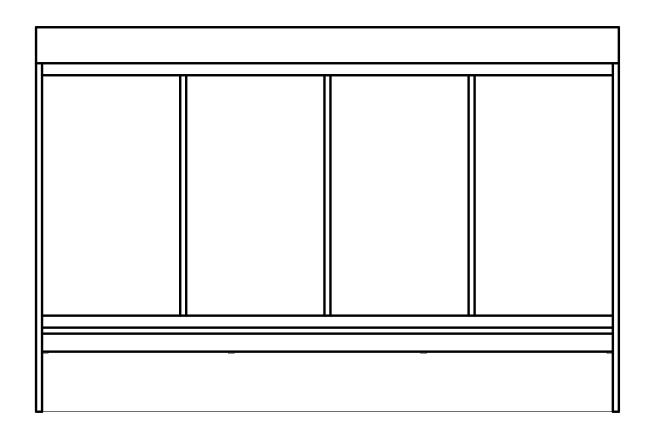


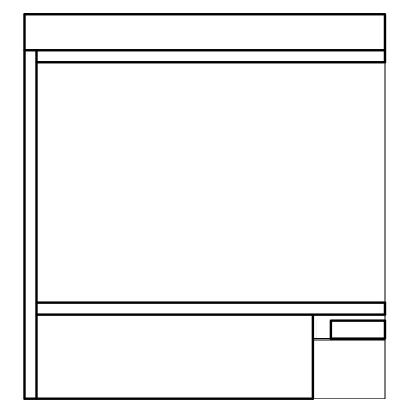
South Elevation
3" = 1'-0"

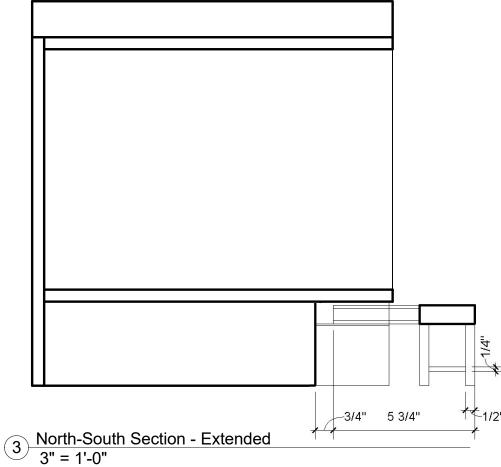
TherAplay Furniture

No.	Description	Date

Elevations		
Project number	Project Number	
Date	12/10/20	A103
Drawn by	Elise McQueen	7 (100
Checked by	Checker	Scale 3" = 1'-0"







East-West Section
3" = 1'-0"

North-South Section
3" = 1'-0"

3" = 1'-0"

The dovetail joint will be

that the piece is safe and

connections to ensure

used at all wood

secure.



This bracket will be used to attach supports, or "legs", on the under side of the balance beam, which can be folded out when the beam is in use.

Outer slide

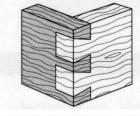
Middle slide

Inner slide

Stroke

Installation space
18,5 +0,2/+0,5

Telescoping Slide Mechanics



Dovetail Joint

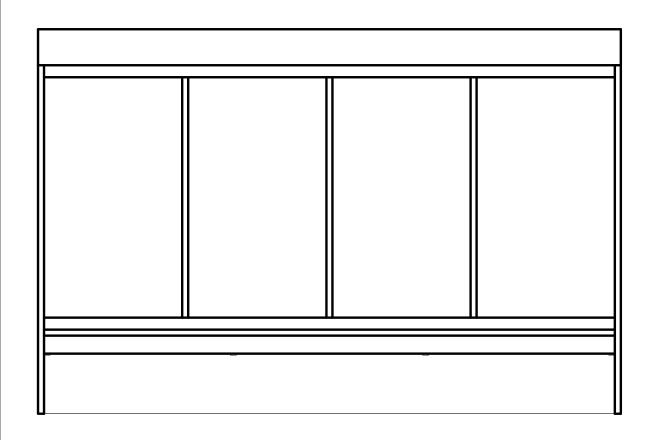
Folding Leg Bracket

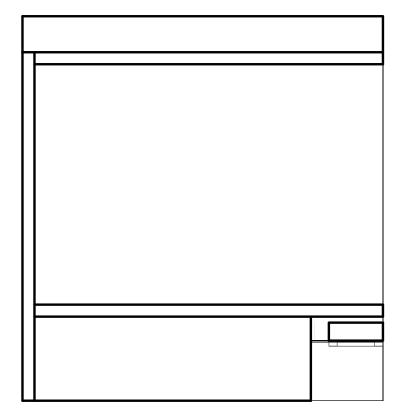
TherAplay Furniture

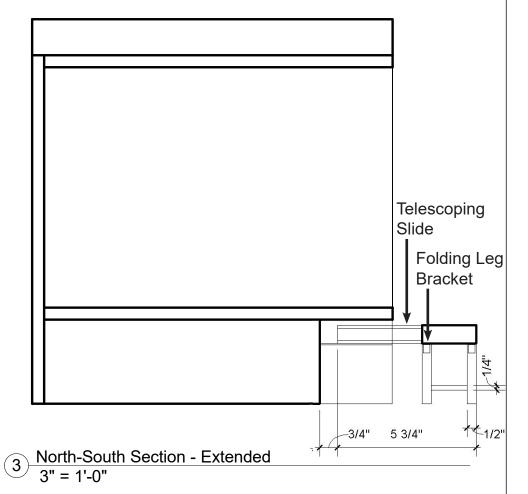
Description	Date
	Description

Sections	and Details	3	
Project number	Project Number		
Date	12/10/20	A104	
Drawn by	Elise McQueen	, , , , ,	
Checked by	Checker	Scale 3" = 1'-0"	

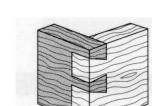
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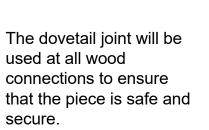


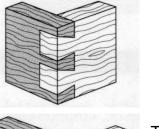


East-West Section
3" = 1'-0"



North-South Section 3" = 1'-0"





Dovetail Joint



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Telescoping Slide Mechanics

Installation space

18,5 +0,2 / +0,5

Folding Leg Bracket

TherAplay Furniture

Outer slide

	No.	Description	Date	
-				

Sections and Details		
Project number	Project Number	
Date	12/10/20	A104
Drawn by	Elise McQueen	
Checked by	Checker	Scale 3" = 1'-0"